





# AMENDMENTS

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 29 (calendar day, August 13), 1935

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of the Senate numbered

# AN ACT

- To further protect the revenue derived from distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages, to regulate interstate and foreign commerce and enforce the postal laws with respect thereto, to enforce the twenty-first amendment, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 That this Act may be cited as the "Federal Alcohol
  - 4 (1) Administration Control Act."
  - 5 (2) FEDERAL ALCOHOL ADMINISTRATION
  - 6 SEC. 2. (a) There is hereby created the Federal
  - 7 Alcohol Administration as a division in the Treasury
  - 8 Department.

(b) The Administration shall be headed by an Admin-istrator, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Admin-istrator shall for his services receive compensation at the rate of \$10,000 per annum, together with actual and neces-sary traveling and subsistence expenses while engaged in the exercise of his powers and duties outside the District of Columbia. No person shall be eligible to appointment, or continue in office, as Administrator if he is engaged or financially interested in, or is an officer or director of or employed by a corporation engaged in, the production or sale or other distribution of alcoholic beverages, or the financing thereof. (e) The Administrator shall, without regard to the 

(e) The Administrator shall, without regard to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, appoint and fix the compensation and duties of such officers and employees as he deems necessary to earry out his powers and duties, but the compensation so fixed shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The Administrator is authorized to adopt an official seal, which shall be judicially noticed.

(d) The Administrator is authorized and directed to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out his powers and duties. All rules and regulations prescribed by the Administrator shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

## FEDERAL ALCOHOL COMMISSION

2	Sec. 2. (a) There is hereby established a commission
3	to be known as the Federal Alcohol Commission, to be com-
4	posed of three commissioners, who shall be appointed by
5	the President by and with the advice and consent of the
6	Senate. Not more than two members of the commission
7	shall be members of the same political party. The terms of
8	office of the commissioners first taking office shall expire, as
9	designated by the President at the time of nomination, one at
10	the end of the first year, one at the end of the second year,
11	and one at the end of the third year after the date of the
12	enactment of this Act. A successor shall have a term of
13	office expiring three years from the date of expiration of
14	the term for which his predecessor was appointed, except that
15	a person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the
16	expiration of such term shall be appointed for the remainder
17	of such term. No person shall be eligible for appointment
18	as a commissioner or continue in office as a commissioner
19	if he is engaged or financially interested in, or is an officer or
20	director of or employed by a company engaged in, the pro-
21	duction or sale or other distribution of alcoholic beverages or
22	the financing thereof. Each commissioner shall, for his
23	services, receive compensation at the rate of \$10,000 per
24	annum, together with actual and necessary traveling and sub-
25	sistence expenses while engaged in the performance of his
26	duties as commissioner outside the District of Columbia.

(b) As designated by the President at the time of nom-1 ination: One of the commissioners shall be chairman of the 2 commission and shall be the chief executive officer of the 3 commission; another of the commissioners shall be vice-4 chairman of the commission and shall perform the functions 5 and duties of the chairman in his absence or in the event 6 of his incapacity caused by illness; and the third commis-7 sioner, who shall be a lawyer, shall be general counsel of 8 the commission. The commission may function notwith-9 standing vacancies, and a majority of the commissioners 10 in office shall constitute a quorum. The commission shall 11 12 meet at the call of the chairman or a majority of its mem-13 bers. The commission is authorized to adopt an official seal, which shall be judicially noticed. The commission shall 14 be entitled to free use of the United States mails in the same 15 manner as the Executive departments. 16 17 (c) The commission shall, without regard to the civil-18 service laws, but subject to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, appoint and fix the compensation and prescribe 19 the duties of such officers and employees as may be necessary 20 21 to carry out its powers and duties; except that any such officer or employee receiving a salary at the rate of \$5,000 22

23 or more per annum shall be appointed by the President,
24 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

- (d) The commission is authorized and directed to
   prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary
   to carry out its powers and duties.
- (e) Appropriations to carry out powers and duties of 4 the (3) Administrator commission shall be available for ex-5 penditure, among other purposes, for personal services and 6 rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, expenses for 7 travel and subsistence, for law books, books of reference, 8 magazines, periodicals, and newspapers, for contract steno-9 graphic reporting services, for subscriptions for library 10 services, for purchase of samples for analysis or use as 11 12 evidence, and for holding (4) conference conferences of State and Federal liquor control officials. 13
- (f) The (5) Administrator commission may, with the consent of the department or agency affected, utilize the services of any department or other agency of the Government to the extent necessary to carry out (6) his its powers and duties and authorize officers and employees thereof to act as (7) his its agents.
- 20 (g) The provisions, including penalties, of sections 9
  21 and 10 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as now or
  22 hereafter amended, shall be applicable to the jurisdiction,
  23 powers, and duties of the (8) Administrator commission, and
  24 to any person (whether or not a corporation) subject to the

- provisions of laws administered by the (9) Administrator commission.
- 3 (h) The (10) Administrator commission is authorized
- 4 to require, in such manner and form as (11) he it shall
- 5 prescribe, such reports as are necessary to carry out (12) his
- 6 its powers and duties.
- 7 (13)(i) The commission is authorized to make investiga-
- 8 tions and studies and to report thereon from time to time
- 9 to the President and to the Congress, together with recom-
- 10 mendations, with respect to matters necessary for the proper
- 11 performance of the powers and duties conferred upon the
- 12 commission, and with respect to the production, distribution,
- 13 and consumption of alcoholic beverages, including monopo-
- 14 listic practices, unfair methods of competition, and concen-
- 15 tration of ownership in the alcoholic beverages industries, and
- 16 control of retail outlets and prices; advertising, labeling, and
- 17 merchandising methods with respect to alcoholic beverages,
- 18 including standards of identity, quality, and size and fill of
- 19 container therefor; and enforcement of the twenty-first
- 20 amendment, State and Federal cooperation in the adminis-
- 21 tration of alcoholic beverage control laws, and methods of
- 22 promoting temperance. The commission, whenever in its
- 23 judgment such action will be in the public interest, may
- 24 publish the results of such investigations and studies.

1	(14)(j) The commission shall make a report to Congress, at
2	the beginning of each regular session, of the administration
3	of the functions with which it is charged, and shall include
4	in such report the names and compensation of all persons
5	employed by the commission.
6	UNLAWFUL BUSINESSES WITHOUT PERMIT
7	SEC. 3. In order effectively to regulate interstate and
8	foreign commerce in (15) distilled spirits, wine, and malt
9	beverages distilled spirits and wine, to enforce the twenty-
10	first amendment, and to protect the revenue and enforce
11	the postal laws with respect to (16) distilled spirits, wine,
12	and malt beverages distilled spirits and wine:
13	(a) It shall be unlawful, except pursuant to a basic
14	permit issued under this Act by the (17) Administrator com-
15	mission—
16	(1) to engage in the business of importing into
17	the United States (18) distilled spirits, wine, or malt
18	beverages distilled spirits or wine; or
19	(2) for any person so engaged to sell, offer or
20	deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship, in interstate
21	or foreign commerce, directly or indirectly or through
22	an affiliate, (19) distilled spirits, wine, or malt bever-
23	ages distilled spirits or wine so imported.

1	This subsection shall take effect sixty days after (20)the
2	date of the enactment of this Act a majority of the commis-
3	sioners first appointed take office.
4	(b) It shall be unlawful, except pursuant to a basic
5	permit issued under this Act by the (21) Administrator com-
6	mission—
7	(1) to engage in the business of distilling dis-
8	tilled spirits, producing wine, rectifying or blending
9	distilled spirits or wine, or bottling, or warehousing and
10	bottling, distilled spirits; or
11	(2) for any person so engaged to sell, offer or
12	deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship, in interstate or
13	foreign commerce, directly or indirectly or through an
14	affiliate, distilled spirits or wine so distilled, produced,
15	rectified, blended, or bottled, or warehoused and
16	bottled.
17	This subsection shall take effect sixty days after (22)the
18	date of the emetment of this Act a majority of the commis-
19	sioners first appointed take office.
20	(c) It shall be unlawful, except pursuant to a basic
21	permit issued under this Act by the (23) Administrator com-
22	mission—
23	(1) to engage in the business of purchasing for
24	resale at wholesale (24) distilled spirits, wine, or malt
25	beverages distilled spirits or wine; or

1	(2) for any person so engaged to receive or to
2	sell, offer or deliver for sale, contract to sell, or ship,
3	in interstate or foreign commerce, directly or indirectly
4	or through an affiliate, (25)distilled spirits, wine, or
5	malt beverages distilled spirits or wine so purchased.
6	This subsection shall take effect (26) January March 1, 1936.
7	This section shall not apply to any agency of a State
8	or political subdivision thereof or any officer or employee of
9	any such agency, and no such agency or officer or employee
10	shall be required to obtain a basic permit under this Act.
11	PERMITS
12	SEC. 4. (a) The following persons shall, on appli-
13	cation therefor, be entitled to a basic permit:
1-4	(1) Any person who, on May 25, 1935, held a
15	basic permit as distiller, rectifier, wine producer,
16	or importer issued by an agency of the Federal Govern-
17	ment.
18	(2) Any other person unless the (27) Administra-
19	tor commission finds (A) that such person (or in case of
20	a corporation, any of its officers, directors, or principal
21	stockholders) has, within five years prior to date of
22	application, been convicted of a felony under Federal
23	or State law (28) or of a violation of any Federal law
24	relating to liquor, including the taxation thereof;

or (B) that such person is, by reason of his

business experience, financial standing, or trade connections, not likely to commence operations within a
reasonable period or to maintain such operations in
conformity with Federal law; or (C) that the operations proposed to be conducted by such person are
in violation of the law of the State in which they
are to be conducted.

(b) If upon examination of any application for a 8 9 basic permit the (29) Administrator commission has reason to believe that the applicant is not entitled to such permit, 10 (30) the the commission shall notify the applicant thereof and, 11 upon request by the applicant, afford him due notice and 12 13 opportunity for hearing on the application. If the (31) Administrator commission, after affording such notice 14 and opportunity for hearing, finds that the applicant is not 15 16 entitled to a basic permit hereunder, (32) he it shall by order deny the application stating the findings which are the basis 17 18 for (33) his its order.

(e) The (34)Administrator commission shall prescribe the manner and form of all applications for basic permits (including the facts to be set forth therein) and the form of all basic permits, and shall specify in any basic permit the authority conferred by the permit and the conditions thereof in accordance with the provisions of this Act. To the extent deemed necessary by the (35)Administrator commission for

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- 1 the efficient administration of this Act, separate applications
- 2 and permits shall be required by the (36) Administrator
- 3 commission with respect to (37) distilled spirits, wine, and
- 4 malt beverages distilled spirits and wine, and the various
- 5 classes thereof, and with respect to the various classes
- 6 of persons entitled to permits hereunder. The issuance of a
- 7 basic permit under this Act shall not operate to deprive
- 8 the United States of its remedy for any violation of law.
- 9 (d) A basic permit shall be conditioned upon com-
- 10 pliance with the requirements of section 5 (relating to unfair
- 11 competition and unlawful practices) (38) and of section 6
- 12 (relating to bulk sales and bottling), with the twenty-first
- 13 amendment and laws relating to the enforcement thereof,
- 14 and with all other Federal laws relating to (39) distilled
- 15 spirits, wine, and malt beverages distilled spirits and wine.
- 16 including taxes with respect thereto.
- 17 (40)(e) (1) No basic permit issued under this Act shall
- 18 contain any condition prohibiting, nor shall any rule,
- 19 regulation, or order, issued under this or any other Act of
- 20 Congress, prohibit, the use or sale of any barrel, eask, or
- 21 keg, if made of wood and if of one or more wine-gallons
- 22 eapacity, as a container in which to store, transport, or
- 23 sell, or from which to sell, any distilled spirits, wine, or
- 24 malt beverages. This subsection shall not apply to any
- 25 condition in any basic permit issued under this Act or any

rule, regulation, or order issued in connection therewith to 1 the extent that such condition applies in a State in which 2 the use or sale of any such barrel, eask, or keg is prohibited 3 by the law of such State. 4 (41)(2) It shall be unlawful for any person to package 5 or repackage distilled spirits for sale or resale in bottles 6 unless such person is a distiller, a rectifier of distilled 7 spirits, or a person operating a bonded warehouse qualified 8 inder the internal revenue laws or a class 8 bonded ware-9 house qualified under the customs laws, holding a basic 10 11 permit under this Act, or is a proprietor of an industrial 12 alcohol plant or is an agency of a State or political subdivision thereof: Provided; That any other person may so 13 package distilled spirits in bottles if he qualifies under the 14 internal revenue laws as a rectifier and holds a basic permit 15 issued under this Act for the rectification of distilled spirits. 16 (42)(3) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this 17 subsection, no person who is subject to the occupational tax 18 imposed by section 3244 "Fourth" of the Revised Statutes, 19 as amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, see: 1394 (e)), 20 on retail dealers in liquors shall package or repackage dis-21 tilled spirits for sale or resale in bottles or be eligible to 22 qualify as a rectifier of distilled spirits, and no such person, 23 except a bona fide hotel or club, shall, for purposes of sale, 24 25 remove from any such barrel, eask, or keg any distilled

- spirits contained therein. Any person who violates the pro-1 visions of this paragraph or paragraph (2) shall, upon 2 conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$1,000 or im-3 prisoned for not more than one year, or both, and shall 4 forfeit to the United States all distilled spirits with respect 5 to which the violation occurs, and the bottles in which 6 7 packaged. (43)(f) (e) A basic permit shall by order of the (44)Ad-8 ministrator commission, after due notice and opportunity 9 10 for hearing to the permittee, (1) be revoked, or suspended 11 for such period as the (45) Administrator commission deems 12 appropriate, if the (46) Administrator commission finds that 13 the permittee has willfully violated any of the conditions 14 thereof, provided that for a first violation of the conditions thereof the permit shall be subject to suspension only; or (2) 1.5 16 be revoked if the (47) Administrator commission finds that 17 the permittee has not engaged in the operations authorized 18 by the permit for a period of more than two years; or (3) 19 be annulled if the (48) Administrator commission finds that 20 the permit was procured through fraud, or misrepresentation. 21 or concealment of material fact. The order shall state the 22 findings which are the basis for the order. 23 (49) (g) Orders of the (50) Administrator commission
- with respect to any denial of application, suspension, revocation, annulment, or other proceedings, shall be served (1)

- 1 in person by any officer or employee of the (51) Administra-
- 2 tion commission designated by the (52) Administrator com-
- 3 mission or any internal revenue or customs officer authorized
- 4 by the (53) Administrator commission for the purpose, or
- 5 (2) by mailing the order by registered mail, addressed to
- 6 the applicant or respondent at his last known address in the
- 7 records of the (54) Administrator commission.
- 8 (55) (h) (g) A basic permit shall continue in effect until sus-
- 9 pended, revoked, or annulled as provided herein, or volun-
- 10 tarily surrendered; except that (1) if leased, sold or
- 11 otherwise voluntarily transferred, the permit shall be auto-
- 12 matically terminated thereupon, and (2) if transferred by
- 13 operation of law or if actual or legal control of the permittee
- 14 is acquired, directly or indirectly, whether by stock-owner-
- 15 ship or in any other manner, by any person, then such
- 16 permit shall be automatically terminated at the expiration
- 17 of thirty days thereafter: Provided, That if within such
- 18 thirty-day period application for a new basic permit is made
- 19 by the transferee or permittee, respectively, then the out-
- 20 standing basic permit shall continue in effect until such
- 21 application is finally acted on by the (56) Administrator
- 22 commission.
- 23 (57)(i) (h) An appeal may be taken by the permittee or ap-
- 24 plicant for a permit from any order of the (58) Administrator
- 25 commission denying an application for, or suspending, revok-

1	ing, or annulling, a basic permit. Such appeal shall be taken
2	by filing, in the circuit court of appeals of the United State
3	within any circuit wherein such person resides or has hi
4	principal place of business, or in the United States Court of
5	Appeals for the District of Columbia, within sixty days after
6	the entry of such order, a written petition praying that th
7	order of the (59) Administrator commission be modified or se
8	aside in whole or in part. A copy of such petition shall be
9	forthwith served upon the (60) Administrator commission, o
0	upon any officer designated by (61)him it for that purpose
1	and thereupon the (62) Administrator commission shall cer
2	tify and file in the court a transcript of the record upon which
3	the order complained of was entered. Upon the filing of such
4	transcript such court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to
5	affirm, modify, or set aside such order, in whole or in part
6	No objection to the order of the (63) Administrator commission
7	shall be considered by the court unless such objection shall
8	have been urged before the (64) Administrator commission of
9	unless there were reasonable grounds for failure so to do
0	The finding of the (65) Administrator commission as to the
1	facts, if supported by substantial evidence, shall be conclusive
2	If any party shall apply to the court for leave to adduce
3	additional evidence, and shall show to the satisfaction of
4	the court that such additional evidence is material and that
5	there were reasonable grounds for failure to adduce such evi-

dence in the proceeding before the (66) Administrator com-1 mission, the court may order such additional evidence to be 2 3 taken before the (67) Administrator commission and to be adduced upon the hearing in such manner and upon such 4 terms and conditions as to the court may seem proper. The 5 (68) Administrator commission may modify (69) his its find-6 ings as to the facts by reason of the additional evidence so 7 taken, and (70) he it shall file with the court such modified or 8 new findings, which, if supported by substantial evidence, 9 16 shall be conclusive, and (71) his its recommendation, if any, for the modification or setting aside of the original order. 11 12 The judgment and decree of the court affirming, modifying, or setting aside, in whole or in part, any such order of the 13 (72) Administrator commission shall be final, subject to re-14 view by the Supreme Court of the United States upon 15 certiorari or certification as provided in sections 239 and 240 16 of the Judicial Code, as amended (U.S.C., title 28, secs. 17 346 and 347). The commencement of proceedings under 18 this subsection shall, unless specifically ordered by the court 19 (73) to the contrary, operate as a stay of the (74) Adminis-20 trator's commission's order. 21 (75)(i) (i) No proceeding for the suspension or revocation 22 of a basic permit for violation of any condition thereof relat-23 ing to compliance with Federal law shall be instituted by the 24 (76) Administrator commission more than eighteen months 25

- 1 after conviction of the violation of Federal law, or, if no con-
- 2 viction has been had, more than three years after the viola-
- 3 tion occurred; and no basic permit shall be suspended or
- 4 revoked for a violation of any such condition thereof if the
- 5 alleged violation of Federal law has been compromised by
- 6 any officer (77) or agency of the Government authorized to
- 7 compromise such violation.
- 8 UNFAIR COMPETITION AND UNLAWFUL PRACTICES
- 9 Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person engaged in
- 10 business as a distiller, (78) brewer, rectifier, blender, or
- 11 other producer, or as an importer or wholesaler, of (79) dis-
- 12 tilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine,
- 13 or as a bottler, or warehouseman and bottler, of distilled
- 14 spirits, directly or indirectly or through an affiliate:
- 15 (a) Exclusive outlet: To require, by agreement or
- 16 otherwise, that any retailer engaged in the sale of (80) dis-
- 17 tilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine,
- 13 purchase any such products from such person to the exclu-
- 19 sion in whole or in part of (81) distilled spirits, wine, or malt
- 20 beverages distilled spirits or wine sold or offered for sale
- 21 by other persons in interstate or foreign commerce, if
- 22 such requirement is made in the course of interstate or for-
- 23 eign commerce, or if such person engages in such practice
- 24 to such an extent as substantially to restrain or prevent
- 25 transactions in interstate or foreign commerce in any such

1 products, or if the direct effect of such requirement is to

2 prevent, deter, hinder, or restrict other persons from selling

3 or offering for sale any such products to such retailer in

4 interstate or foreign commerce; or

(b) "Tied house": To induce through any of 5 the following means, any retailer, engaged in the sale 6 7 of (82) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, to purchase any such products from such per-8 son to the exclusion in whole or in part of (83) distilled spirits. 9 wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine sold or offered 10 11 for sale by other persons in interstate or foreign commerce. if such inducement is made in the course of interstate or 12 foreign commerce, or if such person engages in the practice 13 of using such means, or any of them, to such an extent as 14 substantially to restrain or prevent transactions in inter-15 state or foreign commerce in any such products, or if the 16 direct effect of such inducement is to prevent, deter, hinder, 17 or restrict other persons from selling or offering for sale any 18 such products to such retailer in interstate or foreign com-19 merce: (1) By acquiring or holding (after the expiration 20 of any existing license) any interest in any license with 21 respect to the premises of the retailer; or (2) by acquiring 22 any interest in real or personal property owned, occupied, 23 or used by the retailer in the conduct of his business; or (3) 24 by furnishing, giving, renting, lending, or selling to the re-25

tailer, any equipment, fixtures, signs (84) (excepting signs not 1 exceeding \$100 in aggregate value to any retailer in any 2 3 calendar year), supplies, money, services, or other thing of value, (85) except advertising specialties and graphic arts ad-4 vertising items of paper or paper-like substance and subject 5 to such (86) further exceptions as the (87) Administrator . 6 commission shall by regulation prescribe, having due re-7 gard for public health, the quantity and value of articles 8 involved, established trade customs not contrary to the pub-9 lic interest and the purposes of this subsection; or (4) by 10 paying or crediting the retailer for any advertising, display, 11 or distribution service; or (5) by guaranteeing any loan or 12 the repayment of any financial obligation of the retailer; 13 or (6) by extending to the retailer credit for a period in 14 excess of the credit period usual and customary to the in-15 dustry for the particular class of transactions (88), as ascer-16 tained by the Administrator and prescribed by regula-17 18 tions by him; or (7) by requiring the retailer to take and dispose of a certain quota of any of such products; or 19 (c) Commercial bribery: To induce through any of 20 the following means, any trade buyer engaged in the sale 21 of (89) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled 22 spirits or wine, to purchase any such products from such person 23 to the exclusion in whole or in part of (90) distilled spirits. 24 wine; or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine sold or 25

1 offered for sale by other persons in interstate or foreign commerce, if such inducement is made in the course 2 of interstate or foreign commerce, or if such person engages 3 in the practice of using such means, or any of them, to such 4 an extent as substantially to restrain or prevent transactions 5 in interstate or foreign commerce in any such products, or 6 if the direct effect of such inducement is to prevent, deter, 7 hinder, or restrict other persons from selling or offering for 8 sale any such products to such trade buyer in interstate or 9 foreign commerce: (1) By commercial bribery; or (2) 10 by offering or giving any bonus, premium, or compensation 11 to any officer, or employee, or representative of the trade 12 13 buver: or (d) Consignment sales: To sell, offer for sale, or 14 contract to sell to any trade buyer engaged in the sale of 15 (91) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits 16 or wine, or for any such trade buyer to purchase, offer to 17 purchase, or contract to purchase, any such products on 18 consignment or under conditional sale or with the privilege 19 of return or on any basis otherwise than a bona fide sale, 20 or where any part of such transaction involves, directly 21 or indirectly, the acquisition by such person from the trade 22

other (92) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine—if such sale, purchase, offer, or contract is

buyer or his agreement to acquire from the trade buyer

1 made in the course of interstate or foreign commerce, or if such person or trade buyer engages in such practice to such 2 an extent as substantially to restrain or prevent trans-3 actions in interstate or foreign commerce in any such prod-4 ucts, or if the direct effect of such sale, purchase, offer, or 5 contract is to prevent, deter, hinder, or restrict other persons 6 from selling or offering for sale any such products to such 7 8 trade buyer in interstate or foreign commerce (93): Provided. That this subsection shall not apply to transactions 9 involving solely the bona fide return of merchandise for 10 11 ordinary and usual commercial reasons arising after the 12 merchandise has been sold; or

13 (e) Labeling.—To sell or ship or deliver for sale or shipment, or otherwise introduce in interstate or foreign 14 commerce, or to receive therein, or to remove from customs 15 16 custody for consumption, any (94) distilled spirits, wine, or 17 malt beverages distilled spirits or wine in bottles, unless such 18 products are bottled, packaged, and labeled in conformity 19 with such regulations, to be prescribed by the (95) Adminis-20 trator commission, with respect to packaging, marking, branding, and labeling and size and fill of container (1) 21 22 as will prohibit deception of the consumer with respect to 23 such products or the quantity thereof and as will prohibit, irrespective of falsity, such statements relating to age, 24 manufacturing processes, analyses, guarantees, and scientific 25

or irrelevant matters as the (96) Administrator commission 1 finds to be likely to mislead the consumer; (2) as will 2 provide the consumer with adequate information as to the 3 identity and quality of the products, the alcoholic content 4 thereof ((97)except that statements of, or statements likely to 5 be considered as statements of, alcoholic content of malt bever-6 ages are hereby prohibited unless required by State law and 7 except that, in case of wines, statements of alcoholic content 8 shall be required only for wines containing more than 14 per 9 centum of alcohol by volume), the net contents of the 10 package, and the manufacturer or bottler or (98) importer of 11 the product distributor of domestically bottled products and 12 the manufacturer and importer of imported products; 13 (3) (99) as will require an accurate statement, in the 14 ease of distilled spirits (other than cordials, liqueurs, and 15 specialties) produced by blending or rectification or in case 16 of gin whether or not produced by blending or rectifica-17 tion, if neutral spirits have been used in the production 18 19 thereof, informing the consumer of the percentage of neutral spirits so used and of the name of the commodity 20 from which such neutral spirits have been distilled; (4) 21 as will prohibit statements on the label that are disparag-22 ing of a competitor's products or are false, misleading, 23 24 obscene, or indecent; and (100)(5) (4) as will prevent deception of the consumer by use of a trade or brand name 25

that is the name of any living individual of public promi-1 2 nence, or existing private or public organization, or is a name that is in simulation or is an abbreviation thereof. 3 and as will prevent the use of a graphic, pictorial, or 4 emblematic representation of any such individual or organ-5 ization, if the use of such name or representation is likely 6 falsely to lead the consumer to believe that the product 7 has been indorsed, made, or used by, or produced for, or 8 under the supervision of, or in accordance with the specifi-9 cations of, such individual or organization: Provided, That 10 this clause shall not apply to the use of the name of any 11 person engaged in business as a distiller, (101) brewer, recti-12 fier, blender, or other producer, or as an importer, whole-13 saler, retailer, bottler, or warehouseman, of (102) distilled 14 spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, nor 15 to the use by any person of a trade or brand name used by 16 him or his predecessor in interest prior to the date of the 17 enactment of this Act; including regulations requiring, at 18 time of release from customs custody, certificates issued by 19 foreign governments covering origin, age, and identity of 20 imported products (103): Provided further, That nothing 21 herein nor any decision ruling or regulation of any Depart-22 ment of the Government shall deny the right of any person 23 to use any trade name or brand of foreign origin not presently 24 effectively registered in the United States Patent Office which 25

has been used by such person or predecessors in the United 1 States for a period of at least five years past. (104)No 2 person shall remove from Government custody after pur-3 chase at any Government sale any distilled spirits, wine, or 4 malt beverages in bottles to be held for sale, until such 5 bottles are packaged, marked, branded, and labeled in con-6 formity with the requirements of this subsection. (105) The 7 regulations of the commission shall prohibit the designation 8 of any product as neutral spirits, or as any type of whisky 9 or gin, for non-industrial use, if the neutral spirits contained 10 therein are distilled from materials other than grain. Such 11 regulations shall also require that the labels of all distilled 12 spirits (other than cordials, liqueurs, and specialties) to which 13 neutral spirits have been added by blending or rectification. 14 and that the labels of all neutral spirits and of gin, for non-15 industrial use, whether produced by blending or rectification 16 or by a process of continuous distillation, shall state thereon 17 the percentage of neutral spirits contained therein, the name 18 of the commodity or commodities from which such neutral 19 spirits have been distilled, and the percentage thereof derived 20 from each such commodity. As used herein, the term "neu-21 tral spirits" includes ethyl alcohol. 22 It shall be unlawful for any person to alter, mutilate, 23 destroy, obliterate, or remove any mark, brand, or label 24 upon (106) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled

t spirits or wine held for sale in interstate or foreign commerce

2 or after shipment therein, except as authorized by Federal

3 law or except pursuant to regulations of the (107) Adminis-

4 trator commission authorizing relabeling for purposes of

5 compliance with the requirement of this subsection or of

6 State law.

In order to prevent the sale or shipment or other intro-7 duction of (108) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages 8 distilled spirits or wine in interstate or foreign commerce, if 9 10 bottled, packaged, or labeled in violation of the requirements of this subsection, no bottler, or importer of (109) distilled 11 spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, shall, 12 after such date as the (110) Administrator commission fixes 13 14 as the earliest practicable date for the application of the provisions of this subsection to any class of such persons (but 15 not later than (111) January March 1, 1936, and only after 16 thirty days' public notice), bottle or remove from customs 17 custody for consumption (112) distilled spirits, wine, or 18 malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, respectively, unless 19 the bottler or importer, upon application to the (113)Ad-20 ministrator commission, has obtained and has in his posses-21 22 sion a certificate of label approval covering the (114) distilled 23 spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, 24 issued by the (115) Administrator commission in such . 25 manner and form as (116) he it shall by regulations pre-

scribe: Provided. That any such bottler shall be exempt from 1 the requirements of this subsection if the bottler, upon appli-2 cation to the (117) Administrator commission, shows to the 3 satisfaction of the (118) Administrator commission that the 4 (119) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits 5 or wine to be bottled by the applicant are not to be sold, or 6 offered for sale, or shipped or delivered for shipment, or other-7 wise introduced, in interstate or foreign commerce. Officers 8 of internal revenue and customs are authorized and directed 9 to withhold the release of such products from the bottling 10 plant or customs custody unless such certificates have been 11 12 obtained, or unless the application of the bottler for exemption has been granted by the (120) Administrator commission. 13 The district courts of the United States, the Supreme Court 14 of the District of Columbia, and the United States court for 15 any Territory, shall have jurisdiction of suits to enjoin, annul, 16 or suspend in whole or in (121) part, part any final action 17 by the (122) Administrator commission upon any application 18 under this subsection; or 19 (f) Advertising: To publish or disseminate or cause 20 to be published or disseminated by radio broadcast, or in 21 22 any newspaper, periodical or other publication or by any sign or outdoor advertisement or any other printed or graphic 23

or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine, if such advertise-

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matter, any advertisement of (123) distilled spirits, wine,

ment is in, or is calculated to induce sales in, interstate or 1 foreign commerce, or is disseminated by mail, unless such 2 advertisement is in conformity with such regulations, to be 3 prescribed by the (124) Administrator commission, (1) as 4 will prevent deception of the consumer with respect to the 5 products advertised and as will prohibit, irrespective of 6 falsity, such statements relating to age, manufacturing proc-7 esses, analyses, guaranties, and scientific or irrelevant mat-8 ters as the (125) Administrator commission finds to be likely 9 to mislead the consumer; (2) as will provide the consumer 10 with adequate information as to the identity and quality of 11 the products advertised, the alcoholic content thereof 12 ((126) except that statements of, or statements likely to be 13 considered as statements of, alcoholic content of malt bever-14 ages are prohibited and except that, in case of wines, state-15 16 ments of alcoholic content shall be required only for wines containing more than 14 per centum of alcohol by volume), 17 and the person responsible for the advertisement; (3) 18 (127) as will require an accurate statement, in the case of 19 distilled spirits (other than cordials, liqueurs, and special-20 ties) produced by blending or rectification or in case of gin 21 whether or not produced by blending or rectification, if 22 neutral spirits have been used in the production thereof, 23 informing the consumer of the percentage of neutral spirits 24 25 so used and of the name of the commodity from which such

neutral spirits have been distilled; (4) as will prohibit state-1 ments that are disparaging of a competitor's products or 2 are false, misleading, obscene, or indecent; (128)(5) (4) 3 as will prevent statements inconsistent with any statement 4 on the labeling of the products advertised. (129) Such 5 regulations shall require that the advertisement of any dis-6 tilled snirits (other than cordials, liqueurs, and specialties) 7 to which neutral spirits have been added by blending or recti-8 9 fication, and that the advertisement of any neutral spirits or of gin, for non-industrial purposes, whether produced by 10 blending or rectification or by a process of continuous distil-11lation, shall state the name of the commodity or commodities 12 from which the neutral spirits contained therein have been 13 distilled and the percentage thereof derived from each such 14 commodity. This subsection shall not apply to outdoor 15 advertising in place on June 18, 1935, but shall apply 16 upon replacement, restoration, or renovation of any such 17 advertising. (130) The prohibitions of this subsection and 18 regulations thereunder shall not apply to the publisher of 19 any newspaper, periodical, or other publication, or radio 20 21broadcaster, unless such publisher or radio broadcaster is engaged in business as a distiller, rectifier, or other producer, 22 or as an importer or wholesaler, of distilled spirits or wine, 23 or as a bottler, or warehouseman and bottler, of distilled 24 spirits, directly or indirectly or through an affiliate. 25

1	The provisions of subsections (a), (b), and (c) shal
2	not apply to any act done by an agency of a State or
3	political subdivision thereof, or by any officer or employee
4	of such agency.

The (131) Administrator commission shall give reasonable public notice, and afford to interested parties opportunity for hearing, prior to prescribing regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

## (132) BULK SALES AND BOTTLING

Sec. 6. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person—

- (1) To sell or offer to sell, contract to sell, or otherwise dispose of distilled spirits in bulk except, under regulations of the commission, for export or to the following, or to import distilled spirits in bulk except, under such regulations, for sale to or for use by the following: A distiller, rectifier of distilled spirits, person operating a bonded warehouse qualified under the internal-revenue laws or a class 8 bonded warehouse qualified under the customs laws, a wine maker for the fortification of wines, a proprietor of an industrial alcohol plant, or an agency of the United States or any State or political subdivision thereof.
- (2) To sell or offer to sell, contract to sell, or otherwise dispose of warehouse receipts for distilled spirits in bulk unless such warehouse receipts require

1	that the warehouseman shall package such distilled
2	spirits, before delivery, in bottles labeled and marked
3	in accordance with law, or deliver such distilled spirits
4	in bulk only to persons to whom it is lawful to sell
5	or otherwise dispose of distilled spirits in bulk.

- (3) To bottle distilled spirits unless the bottler is a person to whom it is lawful to sell or otherwise dispose of distilled spirits in bulk.
- (b) Any person who violates the requirements of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year or both, and shall forfeit to the United States all distilled spirits with respect to which the violation occurs and the containers thereof.
- (c) The term "in bulk" means in containers having a capacity in excess of one wine gallon.

# 17 PENALTIES

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Sec. (133)6 7. The District Courts of the United 18 States, the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and 19 the United States Court for any Territory, of the District 20 where the offense is committed or threatened or of which the 21 offender is an inhabitant or has his principal place of business, 22 are hereby vested with jurisdiction of any suit brought by 23 the Attorney General in the name of the United States, 24 to prevent and restrain violations of any of the provisions 25

of this Act. Any person violating any of the provisions 1 of sections 3 or 5 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be fined not more than \$1,000 for 3 each offense. Subject to the approval of the Attorney 4 5 General, the (134) Administrator commission is authorized. (135) prior to commencement of court proceedings with 6 respect to any violation of this Act, to compromise the lia-7 bility arising with respect to such violation (1) upon pay-8 ment of a sum not in excess of \$500 for each offense, to be 9 10 collected by the (136) Administrator commission and to be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, and (2) 11 12 in case of repetitious violations and in order to avoid multiplicity of criminal proceedings, upon agreement to a stipula-13 tion that the United States may, on its own motion upon 14 five days' notice to the violator, cause a consent decree to be 15 entered by any court of competent jurisdiction enjoining the 16 repetition of such violation. 17 18

### INTERLOCKING DIRECTORATES

19 Sec. (137)7 8. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall be unlawful for any individual to take office, after 20 the date of the enactment of this Act, as an officer or director 21 of any company, if his doing so would make him an officer 22 or director of more than one company engaged in business 23 as a distiller, rectifier, or blender of distilled spirits, or of 24 any such company and of a company which is an affiliate 25

of any company engaged in business as a distiller, rectifier. 1 or blender of distilled spirits, or of more than one company 2 which is an affiliate of any company engaged in business 3 as a distiller, rectifier, or blender of distilled spirits, unless, 4 prior to taking such office, application made by such indi-5 vidual to the (138) Administrator commission has been 6 granted and after due showing has been made to (139) him it 7 that service by such individual as officer or director of all the 8 foregoing companies of which he is an officer or director to-9 gether with service in the company with respect to which 10 application is made will not substantially restrain or prevent 11 competition in interstate or foreign commerce in distilled 12 spirits. The (140) Administrator commission shall, by 13 order, grant or deny such application on the basis of the 14 proof submitted to (141) him it and (142) his its finding 15 thereon. The District Courts of the United States, the 16 Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and the United 17 States (143) courts court for any Territory shall have juris-18 diction of suits to enjoin, annul, or suspend (144) in whole or 19 in part any final action by the (145) Administrator commis-20 sion upon any application under this subsection. 21 (b) An individual may, without regard to the provi-22 sions of subsection (a), take office as an officer or director 23 of a company described in subsection (a) while holding 24 the position of officer or director of any other such company

1 if such companies are affiliates at the time of his taking 2 office and if—

- (1) Such companies are affiliates on the date of the enactment of this Act; or
  - (2) Each of such companies has been organized under the law of a State to comply with a requirement thereof under which, as a condition of doing business in such State, such company must be organized under the law of such State; or
  - (3) One or more such companies has been organized under the law of a State to comply with a requirement thereof under which, as a condition of doing business in such State, such company must be organized under the laws of such State, and the other one or more of such companies not so organized, is in existence on the date of the enactment of this Act; or
  - (4) One or more of such companies has been organized under the law of a State to comply with a requirement thereof under which, as a condition of doing business in such State, such company must be organized under the law of such State, and not more than one of such companies is a company which has not been so organized and which has been organized after the date of the enactment of this Act.

- 1 (c) As used in this section, the term "company"
  2 means a corporation, joint stock company, business trust,
  3 or association, but does not include any agency of a State
  4 or political subdivision thereof or any officer or employee
  5 of any such agency.
  - (d) Any individual taking office in violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$1,000.

    (146) DISPOSAL OF FORFEITED DISTILLED SPIRITS AND

9 WINE

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Sec. 9. Notwithstanding any provisions of existing 10 11 law, distilled spirits and wine forfeited or condemned summarily or pursuant to court decree or otherwise, by or 12 under any law of the United States, shall not be sold or 13 otherwise disposed of publicly or privately but shall be 14 destroyed at such time as such forfeiture or condemnation 15 has become final; except that any such distilled spirits and 16 wine certified by Government chemists to be of a quality 17 equivalent to United States Pharmacopaia quality or to be 18 suitable for medicinal purposes shall be placed in the cus-19 tody of the United States Public Health Service and disposed 20 of by the Surgeon General of such Service, in accordance 21 with regulations to be prescribed by him, to hospitals oper-22 ated or maintained in whole or in part by the United States, 23 for use by them for medicinal purposes only. 24

1	FEDERAL ALCOHOL CONTROL ADMINISTRATION
2	SEC. (147)8 10. The Federal Alcohol Control Adminis-
3	tration established by Executive order under the provisions of
4	Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act is hereby
5	abolished. All papers, records, and property of such Fed-
6	eral Alcohol Control Administration are hereby transferred
7	to the (148) Administrator commission. This section shall
8	take effect (149)on the date that the Administrator first
9	appointed under this $A$ et takes office when a majority of the
10	commissioners first appointed under this Act have taken
11	office.
12	(150)Sec. 11. That section 610 of the Revenue Act of
13	1918, as amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1310),
14	is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new
15	paragraph:
16	"The provisions of the internal-revenue laws applicable
17	to natural wine shall apply in the same manner and to the
18	same extent to citrus-fruit wines which are the product of
19	normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound ripe citrus
20	fruit, with or without the addition of dry cane, beet, or
21	dextrose sugar (containing, respectively, not less than 95
22	per centum of actual sugar, calculated on a dry basis) for
23	the purpose of perfecting the product according to standards,
24	but without the addition or abstraction of other substances,

- 1 except as may occur in the usual cellar treatment of clarify-
- 2 ing or aging."
- 3 Sec. 12. Section 612 of the Revenue Act of 1918, as
- 4 amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1301), is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 "Sec. 612. That under such regulations and official
- 7 supervision and upon the giving of such notices, entries,
- 8 bonds, and other security as the Commissioner, with the
- 9 approval of the Secretary, may prescribe, any producer of
- 10 wines defined under the provisions of this title, may with-
- 11 draw from any fruit distillery or special bonded warehouse
- 12 grape brandy, or wine spirits, for the fortification of such
- 13 wines on the premises where actually made, and any pro-
- 14 ducer of citrus-fruit wines may similarly withdraw citrus-
- 15 fruit brandy for the fortification of citrus-fruit wines on the
- 16 premises where actually made: Provided, That there shall
- 17 be levied and assessed against the producer of such wines
- 18 or citrus-fruit wines a tax (in lieu of the internal-revenue
- 19 tax now imposed thereon by law) of 20 cents per proof
- 20 gallon of grape brandy, citrus-fruit brandy, or wine spirit
- 21 whenever withdrawn and hereafter so used by him in the
- 22 fortification of such wines or citrus-fruit wines during the
- 23 preceding month, which assessment shall be paid by him
- 24 within ten months from the date of notice thereof: Provided
- 25 further, That nothing contained in this section shall be

- 1 construed as exempting any wines, citrus-fruit wines,
- 2 cordials, liqueurs, or similar compounds from the payment
- 3 of any tax provided for in this title.
- 4 "Any such wines or citrus-fruit wines may, under such
- 5 regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, be sold or re-
- 6 moved tax free for the manufacture of vinegar, or for the
- 7 production of dealcoholized wines containing less than one-
- 8 half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume.
- 9 "The taxes imposed by this section shall not apply
- 10 to dealcoholized wines containing less than one-half of 1
- 11 per centum of alcohol by volume."
- 12 Sec. 13. Section 613 of the Revenue Act of 1918, as
- 13 amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1300 (a)
- 14 (2)), is amended by inserting after "grape brandy" a
- 15 comma and the following: " or containing citrus-fruit wine
- 16 fortified with citrus-fruit brandy".
- 17 Sec. 14. Section 42 of the Act entitled "An Act to re-
- 18 duce the revenue and equalize duties on imports, and for
- 19 other purposes", approved October 1, 1890, as amended
- 20 (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1302 (a)), is amended
- 21 by inserting at the end thereof the following new paragraph:
- 22 "The provisions of this section and section 43 shall
- 23 apply to the use of citrus-fruit brandy in the preparation
- 24 of fortified citrus-fruit wines in the same manner and to
- 25 the same extent as such provisions apply to the use of wine

- 1 spirits in the fortification of sweet wines, except that citrus-
- 2 fruit wines and citrus-fruit brandy made with sugar as herein
- 3 indicated may be used in fortification: Provided, That citrus-
- 4 fruit brandy prepared from one citrus fruit shall be used only
- 5 for the fortification of a citrus-fruit wine prepared from the
- 6 same kind of citrus fruit."
- 7 Sec. 15. Section 3255 of the Revised Statutes, as
- 8 amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1176), is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 "Sec. 3255. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
- 11 with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may
- 12 exempt distillers of brandy made exclusively from apples,
- 13 peaches, grapes, oranges, pears, pineapples, apricots, ber-
- 14 ries, plums, pawpaws, persimmons, prunes, figs, cherries,
- 15 or dates and distillers of citrus-fruit brandy made exclusively
- 16 from citrus fruit, from any provision of this title relating to
- 17 the manufacture of spirits, except as to the tax thereon,
- 18 when in his judgment it may seem expedient to do so:
- 19 Provided, That where, in the manufacture of wine or citrus-
- 20 fruit wine, artificial sweetening has been used the wine,
- 21 citrus fruit wine or the fruit nomace residuum may be used
- 21 citrus-fruit wine, or the fruit pomace residuum may be used
- 22 in the distillation of brandy or citrus-fruit brandy, as the case
- 23 may be, and such use shall not prevent the Commissioner
- 24 of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of
- 25 the Treasury, from exempting such distiller from any pro-

vision of this title relating to the manufacture of spirits. 1 except as to the tax thereon, when in his judgment it may 2 3 seem expedient to do so: And provided further, That the distillers mentioned in this section may add to not less than 4 5 five hundred gallons (ten barrels) of grape cheese not more than five hundred gallons of a sugar solution made from 6 7 cane, beet, starch, or corn sugar, 95 per centum pure, such 8 solution to have a saccharine strength of not to exceed 10 9 per centum, and may ferment the resultant mixture on a 10 winery or distillery premises, and such fermented product 11 shall be regarded as distilling material." 12 SEC. 16. Section 3246 of the Revised Statutes, as 13 amended (U. S. C., Supp. VII, title 26, sec. 1394 (h), 14 (i), and (j)), is amended to read as follows: 15 "Sec. 3246. Nothing in this chapter shall be con-16 strued to impose a special tax upon winemakers who sell 17 wines of their own production where the same are made, or 18 at the general business office of such winemaker: Provided. 19 That no winemaker shall have more than one place of busi-

20 ness for the sale of such wine that shall be exempt from the special tax. No special tax shall be imposed upon apothecaries as to wines or spirituous liquors which they use exclusively in the preparation or making up of medicines unfit for use for beverage purposes.

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"No special tax shall be imposed upon manufactur-1 ing chemists or flavoring extract manufacturers for recov-2 ering tax-paid alcohol or spirituous liquors from dreas or 3 marc of percolation or extraction, if such recovered alcohol 4 or spirituous liquors be again used in the manufacture of 5 like medicines or flavoring extracts." 6 (151) Sec. 17. To prevent monopoly, and to facilitate 7 financina through warehouse receipts issued by independ-8 ently owned bonded warehouses qualified under the Internal 9 10 Revenue Laws: (a) Section 1 of the Act of March 3, 1877 (19 Stat., 11 393; 26 U.S.C., 382), is amended by striking out the 12 words, "not exceeding ten in number in any collection dis-13 trict", and by adding to said section, at the end thereof, 14 the words: "The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under 15 such regulations as he may promulgate from time to time 16 with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may, 17 in his discretion, establish such warehouses adjacent to dis-18 tilleries, and may, in his discretion, permit the removal of 19 brandy directly from the distillery to such warehouses, and 20 from such warehouses to the distillery warehouse of the pro-21 22 ducing distiller." (b) Section 51 of the Act of August 27, 1894 (28 23 Stat., 564; U. S. C., 393), is amended by striking out 24 the words; "not exceeding ten in number in any collection

- 1 district", and by adding to said section, at the end thereof,
- 2 the words: "The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under
- 3 such regulations as he may promulgate from time to time
- 4 with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may, in
- 5 his discretion, establish such warehouses adjacent to dis-
- 6 tilleries, and may, in his discretion, permit the removal of
- 7 spirits directly from the distillery to such warehouses, and
- 8 from such warehouses to the distillery warehouse of the pro-
- 9 ducing distiller."
- 10 (152) SEC. 18. Title II of the Liquor Taxing Act of 1934
- 11 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "SEC. 201. (a) There shall be levied, collected, and
- 13 paid upon all distilled spirits sold at retail a tax of \$2 on each
- 14 proof-gallon or wine-gallon when below proof and a pro-
- 15 portionate tax at a like rate on all fractional parts of such
- 16 proof- or wine-gallon.
- 17 "(b) No tax shall be imposed upon any distiller or
- 18 importer under paragraph (4) of subdivision (a) of section
- 19 600, as amended, of the Revenue Act of 1918, in respect
- 20 to any distilled spirits taxable under this section.
- 21 "Sec. 202. The internal-revenue tax imposed by the
- 22 preceding section upon distilled spirits shall be collected from
- 23 retailers, who shall affix to every bottle or other container
- 24 of distilled spirits at the time of its first retail sale or retail
- 25 transfer unopened in a container for on or off-premise con-

sumption, and to every bottle or other container of distilled 1 2 spirits out of which any part of the contents is removed for the purpose of retail sale, transfer, or use on or off the 3 premises, before such container is opened, a stamp or 4 stamps indelibly canceled, denoting the quantity of distilled 5 spirits contained therein and evidencing payment of all 6 internal-revenue taxes imposed on such spirits, and in the 7 8 case of imported spirits, of all customs duties imposed thereon. 9

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"Sec. 203. Any licensed retailer possessing or coming into possession of distilled spirits upon which all internalrevenue taxes and customs duties imposed by law shall have been paid, shall be entitled to purchase such stamps as are necessary for stamping the containers of distilled spirits in the manner required by the preceding section. Stamps for this purpose may be purchased by such retailer only from the collector of internal revenue for the revenue district in which such retailer's place or places of business for retail sales shall be located. Such retailer shall present satisfactory proof to such collector of internal revenue that such tax and customs duties on such distilled spirits have been paid. Such stamps shall be sold by the collector to such retailer at a price of 1 cent for each stamp, except that in case of stamps for containers of less than one-half pint, the price shall be one-fourth of 1 cent for each stamp.

"Sec. 204. No person shall manufacture, distill, rec-1 tify, import, transfer, or sell at wholesale or at retail any 2 distilled spirits unless such person shall have furnished 3 4 a surety-company bond given by a company, companies, or syndicate of companies approved by the Commissioner of 5 G Internal Revenue and quaranteeing the payment of all taxes 7 and customs duties imposed by law on such distilled spirits, 8 with such terms and conditions and in such penal sum as may be approved by said Commissioner. The provisions 9 10 of this section shall not apply to any regularly established common carrier receiving, transporting, delivering, or hold-11 12 ing for transportation or delivery distilled spirits in the 13 ordinary course of its business as a common carrier. 14 "Sec. 205. The Commissioner, with the approval of 15 the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe (a) regula-16 tions with respect to the time and manner of applying for, 17 issuing, affixing, and canceling stamps required by this 18 title, the form and denominations of such stamps, proof 19 that applicants are entitled to such stamps, and the method

23 "Sec. 206. All distilled spirits found in any container 24 required to bear a stamp by this title, which container is

for the enforcement of this title.

of accounting for receipts from the sale of such stamps;

and (b) such other regulations as he shall deem necessary

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not stamped in compliance with this title and regulations 1 issued thereunder, shall be forfeited to the United States. 2 "Sec. 207. Any person who violates any provision 3 of this title, or who, with intent to defraud, falsely makes, 4 forges, alters, or counterfeits any stamp made or used under 5 6 this title, or who uses, sells, or has in his possession any such 7 forged, altered, or counterfeited stamp, or any plate or die used or which may be used in the manufacture thereof, or 8 9 any stamp required to be canceled by this title, or who 10 makes, uses, sells, or has in his possession any paper in 11 imitation of the paner used in the manufacture of any such 12 stamp, or who reuses any stamp required by this title to 13 be canceled, or who affixes any stamp issued under this 14 title to any container of distilled spirits on which any tax is unpaid, or who makes any false statement in any applica-15 tion for stamps under this title, or who has in his possession 16 17 any such stamps obtained by him otherwise than as provided in this title, or who sells or transfers any such stamp other-18 wise than as provided in this title, shall on conviction be 19 20 punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprison-21 ment at hard labor not exceeding five years, or by both. Any officer authorized to enforce any provisions of law re-22 23 lating to internal-revenue stamps is authorized to enforce the provisions of this section and the provisions of section 24 7 of the Act of March 3, 1897, relating to the bottling of 25

distilled spirits in bond."

1	(a) This section shall take effect sixty days after the
2	date of enactment of this Act.
3	MISCELLANEOUS
4	Sec. (153)9 19. (a) As used in this Act—
5	(154)(1) The term "Administrator" means the
6	head of the Federal Alcohol Administration.
7	(1) The term "commission" means the Federal
8	Alcohol Commission.
9	(2) The term "United States" means the sev-
10	eral States and Territories and the District of Colum-
Ĩ	bia; the term "State" includes a Territory and the
2	District of Columbia; and the term "Territory" means
[3]	Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.
4	(3) The term "interstate or foreign commerce"
15	means commerce between any State and any place
16	outside thereof, or commerce within any Territory or
17,	the District of Columbia, or between points within
18	the same State but through any place outside thereof,
19	(4) The term "person" means individual, part-
20	nership, joint stock company, business trust, associa-
21	tion, corporation, or other form of business enterprise,
22	including a receiver, trustee, or liquidating agent and
23	including an officer or employee of any agency of a
24	State or political subdivision thereof; and the term
25	"trade buyer" means any person who is a wholesaler

or retailer.

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- or more persons if one of such persons has actual or legal control, directly or indirectly, whether by stock ownership or otherwise, of the other or others of such persons; and any one of two or more persons subject to common control, actual or legal, directly or indirectly, whether by stock ownership or otherwise.
  - (6) The term "distilled spirits" means ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl, spirits of wine, whiskey, rum, brandy, gin, and other distilled spirits, including all dilutions and mixtures thereof, for non-industrial use.
- (7) The term "wine" means (1) wine as defined in section 610 and section 617 of the Revenue Act of 1918, (U. S. C., title 26, secs. 441 and 444) as now in force or hereafter amended, and (2) other alcoholic beverages not so defined, but made in the manner of wine, including sparkling and carbonated wine, wine made from condensed grape must, wine made from other agricultural products than the juice of sound, ripe grapes, imitation wine, compounds sold as wine, vermouth, cider, perry and sake; in each instance only if containing not less than 7 per centum and not more than 24 per centum of alcohol by volume, and if for non-industrial use.

erage made by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decection, or combination of both, in potable brewing water, of malted barley with hops, or their parts, or their products, and with or without other malted cereals, and with or without the addition of unmalted or prepared cereals, other carbohydrates or products prepared therefrom, and with or without the addition of earbon dioxide, and with or without other wholesome products suitable for human food consumption.

(156)(9) (8) The term "bottle" means any container, irrespective of the material from which made, for use for the sale of (157) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages distilled spirits or wine at retail.

- 15 (b) The right to amend or repeal the provisions of 16 this Act is expressly reserved.
- 17 (c) If any provision of this Act, or the application
  18 of such provision to any person or circumstance, is held
  19 invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such
  20 provision to persons or circumstances other than those as
  21 to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to further protect the revenue derived from distilled spirits and wine, to regulate interstate and foreign commerce and enforce

the postal laws with respect thereto, to enforce the twentyfirst amendment, and for other purposes."

Passed the House of Representatives July 24, 1935.

Attest:

SOUTH TRIMBLE,

Clerk.

Passed the Senate with amendments July 29 (calendar day, August 13), 1935.

Attest:

EDWIN A. HALSEY,

Secretary.

and enforce the postal laws with respect

thereto, to enforce the twenty-first amendto regulate interstate and foreign commerce distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages

ment, and for other purposes

Ordered to be printed with the amendments of IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES July 29 (calendar day, August 13), 1935

Senate numbered

further protect the revenue derived from











